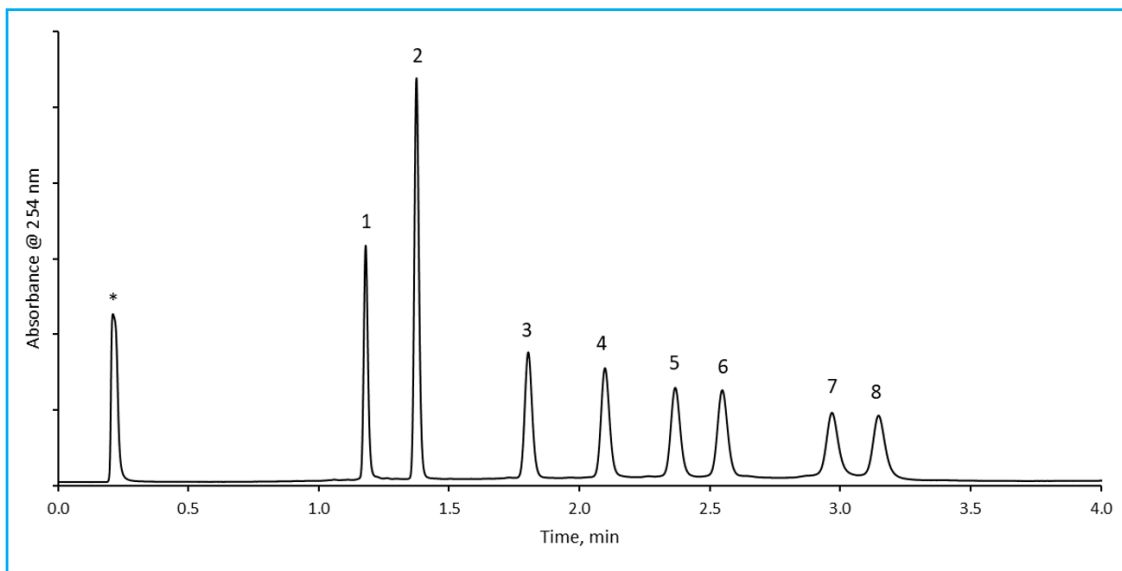




## Oligonucleotide Ladder via UV Detection

370



### PEAK IDENTITIES

1. 10 mer
2. 15 mer
3. 20 mer
4. 25 mer
5. 30 mer
6. 40 mer
7. 50 mer
8. 60 mer

\* Tris HCl/EDTA

### TEST CONDITIONS:

Column: HALO 120 Å OLIGO C18, 2.7  $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm

Part Number: P2A62-402

Mobile Phase A: 100mM TEAA, pH 8.5

Mobile Phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%B
	0.0	5
	0.5	7.4
	3.5	10.7
	3.6	20
	4.1	20
	4.2	5
	9.0	5

Flow Rate: 0.5 mL/min

Back Pressure: 137 bar

Temperature: 60 °C

Injection: 2.0  $\mu$ L, (10 $\mu$ g)

Sample Solvent: 10mM Tris HCl/1mM EDTA pH=8.0

Wavelength: PDA, 254 nm

Flow Cell: 1  $\mu$ L

Data Rate: 100 Hz

Response Time: 0.025 sec.

LC System: Shimadzu Nexera X2

An oligonucleotide ladder of mixed sequence and length is separated on the HALO® OLIGO C18 column under high pH conditions. The OLIGO column performs well with different ion pairs that are necessary in order to retain the samples. This separation requires the use of triethylammonium acetate in order to retain the oligonucleotides, which is a typical additive for UV detection. The chromatogram shows excellent resolution of the oligomers in under 5 minutes.

